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CIWC Exhibit 1.0

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CONSUMERS ILLINOIS WATER COMPANY

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

GARRY L. SEEHAWER

Docket 02-0155

1		CONSUMERS ILLINOIS WATER COMPANY
2		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
3		GARRY L. SEEHAWER
4		Docket No. 02-0155
5		
6	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
7	A.	Garry L. Seehawer, 5301 E. State St., Suite 217, Rockford, Illinois 61108.
8		
9	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
10	A.	I am employed by Consumers Illinois Water Company ("CIWC" or the "Company") as
11		Vice President and Division Manager of the Northern Division of CIWC (Candlewick,
12		Oak Run and Woodhaven).
13		
14	Q.	Please state your educational, professional and business background and experience
15		leading up to your current position.
16	A.	I attended Iowa State University, majoring in Architectural Engineering. I also attended
17		Drake University and Kishwaukee College and was awarded an Illinois Public Water
18		Supply Operator Class "A" certificate in 1978. I took additional training at Highland
19		Community College and Southern Illinois University, and was awarded an Illinois
20		Wastewater Operators Class "2" certificate in 1982. I have worked in various facets of
21		the water and wastewater utility business for 28 years, including 14 years in my current
22		position. Prior to working for CIWC, I was the General Manager of Candlewick Lake
23		Utilities Co. and the Woodhaven Utilities Co. for 14 years. My 28 years of utility

experience includes working in a supervisory capacity in all aspects of the water and wastewater field including supervision of the construction of various utility projects. My professional affiliations include the Illinois Section of American Water Works

Association, in which I have served as a District Trustee, and I also sit on the Education Committee. Other professional affiliations include the Illinois Potable Water Supply Operators Association, the Miss Rock Operators Association, the KishRock Operators

Association, the Illinois Association of Water Pollution Control Operators, the Water Environment Association, and the Northwestern Illinois Water Operators Association of which I am a Past President and Past Secretary.

A.

Q. What are your responsibilities as Vice President and Division Manager of the Northern Divisions of CIWC?

I have overall responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the Candlewick, Oak Run and Woodhaven Divisions. I also assist the President of the Company in developing goals and objectives for the Company, and in administering policies and procedures as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. It is my responsibility to ensure that these goals and objectives are achieved. I, along with other Company officers, represent the Company before governmental and regulatory agencies, formulate financial objectives and budgets and provide the direction necessary to meet those objectives while remaining within budgetary guidelines. I am part of the management team which establishes employee levels, working conditions, and safety requirements within guidelines established by the Board of Directors and the President of the Company. My responsibilities also include establishing guidelines for negotiation of special contracts. I

47		have the responsibilities associated with providing excellent customer service, developing
48		and controlling the Company's operating and maintenance and capital budgets, as well as
49		providing direction in the areas of construction, purchases or other acquisitions,
50		operation, maintenance and protection of all property, facilities and equipment required
51		to maintain water quality standards and continuity of service.
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53	Q:	Have you previously testified in regulatory matters?
54	A:	Yes. I have testified before this Commission in several proceedings.
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56	Q:	Are you familiar with the property, business and operations of the Woodhaven and
57		Candlewick Divisions?
58	A:	Yes, I am.
59	Q:	Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this proceeding?
60	A:	Yes, I am sponsoring Exhibits 1.1 - 1.5.
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62	Q:	What is the purpose of your testimony?
63	A:	The purpose of my testimony is to discuss the Company's request for approval of
64		proposed tariff sheets ("Tariff Sheets") that are being filed to change portions of the
65		Rules, Regulations and Conditions of Service ("Rules and Regulations") for water and
66		sewer service and the rate schedules applicable to the Woodhaven and Candlewick
67		Divisions to provide CIWC with the opportunity to recover certain costs ("Enforcement
68		Costs") incurred or expended in sustaining and enforcing liens against the property of
69		customers whose water and sewer bills have gone unpaid for one year or more to recover

70		the delinquent amounts in protecting the Company's rights in the lien, and in recovering
71		the amounts secured by the lien.
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73	Q:	Please identify the Tariff Sheets.
74	A:	The tariffs related to the provision of water service are designated as ILL. C.C. No. 47,
75		Section No. 1, First Revised Sheet Nos. 26-27, canceling ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section No.
76		1, Original Sheet Nos. 26-27 (Rules and Regulations); ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section No. 5,
77		Second Revised Sheet No. 5, First Revised Sheet No. 6, canceling ILL. C.C. No. 47,
78		Section No. 5, First Revised Sheet No. 5, Original Sheet No. 6 for Woodhaven; and ILL.
79		C.C. No. 47, Section No. 6, First Revised Sheet No. 5, canceling ILL. C.C. No. 47,
80		Section No. 6, Original Sheet No. 5, for Candlewick.
81		The tariffs related to the provision of sewer service are designated as ILL. C.C.
82		No. 48, Section No. 1, First Revised Sheet No. 12, canceling ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section
83		No. 1, Original Sheet No. 12 (Rules and Regulations); ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 4,
84		First Revised Sheet No. 4, canceling ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 4, Original Sheet No.
85		4 for Woodhaven; and ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 5, First Revised Sheet No. 4,
86		canceling ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 5, Original Sheet No. 4, and ILL. C.C. No. 48,
87		Section No. 5, Original Sheet No. 5 for Candlewick. The Tariff Sheets are attached
88		hereto as Exhibit 1.1.
89		
90		Recovery of Enforcement Costs
91	Q:	Please describe the Woodhaven and Candlewick Divisions.
92	A:	CIWC currently provides water and sewer service to 6,157 lots located in Woodhaven

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and 2,332 lots located in Candlewick. In Woodhaven, these lots consist of campsites

with no permanent homes constructed thereon. In Candlewick, the lots may either be undeveloped or improved with residences.

A:

Q: How is service provided to these two Divisions?

The pipes and mains to all lots in each Division were constructed by the original developers so that water and sewer services are available to customers when they connect to and use the system. This availability is not only convenient for the owners of the lots, but also increases the value of the property. The customers who own these lots are served under tariffs that impose charges for the availability of water and sewer service. Availability charges allow the Company to recover the reasonable costs incurred in maintaining the availability of water in the mains and furnishing domestic sanitary sewer service.

Q:

A:

Under what authority is this availability charge imposed?

Under the Declarations of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions ("Declarations") applicable to each lot in Woodhaven and Candlewick, each lot owner agrees to pay the availability charges for water and sewer service. Copies of the Declarations for both Woodhaven and Candlewick are attached hereto as Exhibits 1.2 and 1.3, respectively.

The relevant provisions of the Declarations are referenced in the tariff sheets approved by the Commission that impose these charges. <u>See</u> Woodhaven tariffs ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section No. 5, First Revised Sheet No. 2 (water); ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 4, Original Sheet No. 2 (sewer), and Candlewick tariffs ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section

No. 6, Original Sheet No. 2 (water); ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 5, Original Sheet No. 2 (sewer).

A:

Q: What has been the Company's experience in collecting availability charges?

During past years, certain of the lot owners in both Woodhaven and Candlewick have failed to pay the availability charges for the water and sewer services provided by CIWC (the "Defaulting Owners"). Furthermore, the number of such owners has increased each year. In Woodhaven in 2001, of the approximately 6200 lots billed, over 1200 have accounts that are more than ninety (90) days in arrears. The total amounts of these past due accounts, approximately \$448,000, represents almost 30% of the total annual revenues billed for Woodhaven. In Candlewick, 250 accounts are delinquent for a total of \$142,000 owed for 2001.

A:

Q: Why can CIWC not just write-off or forgive these amounts?

CIWC cannot simply write these amounts off without suffering adverse financial consequences. The past due accounts are recorded as Accounts Receivable (Account Number 141), and the Company has not written off the amounts for book, tax, or rate-making purposes. Unless action is taken, the Defaulting Owners will still be in possession of the properties and will presumably continue to default on bill payments.

Forgiveness of the debt would only aggravate the problem as it would create an incentive for non-payment. The Company's paying customers are required, in effect, to

In early 2001, CIWC's auditor, Price Waterhouse Coopers, determined that the Accumulated Reserves for Uncollectible Accounts (Account Number 143) for the Woodhaven and Candlewick Divisions were inadequately reserved due to the age of the Accounts Receivables. Effective as of December 31, 2001, the reserves for

subsidize non-paying customers and bear the consequences of the Company's decreased financial strength. Given the amounts owed on the delinquent accounts, paying customers would face a significant increase in rates if the delinquent balances are expensed and the increased level of uncollectible expense is reflected in rates at the time of the next rate case of the Woodhaven and Candlewick Divisions.

A:

Q: What has CIWC done to collect these past due amounts?

The Company has used all reasonable means to collect these past due charges. CIWC has sent notices to the Defaulting Owners, stating that the Defaulting Owners have failed to pay these charges and has obtained judgments against certain of the Defaulting Owners. Due to the high cost of pursuing individual court actions, however, the use of this remedy has heretofore been limited. Also, traditional means to encourage compliance are not effective in these areas. As noted above, many of these lots are not improved with permanent residences or other structures. As a result, a termination of water service often does not encourage payment.

A:

Q: How does CIWC propose to address the problem of uncollectibles?

CIWC intends to implement a program that will standardize the process of filing a lien and pursuing foreclosure actions on lots that have past due accounts ("Foreclosure Program"). The Foreclosure Program will allow the Company to more efficiently pursue Defaulting Owners and recover the funds owed.

⁽continued...)

uncollectible expense were increased. The amounts of the increases in the reserves, however, were not deducted for tax purposes.

Q: Under what authority will CIWC do this?

CIWC is authorized by the Declarations and the existing Rules and Regulations, ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section No. 1, Original Sheet No. 26 (water); ILL. C.C. no. 48, Section No. 1, Original Sheet No. 12 (sewer), to file a lien against the property of Defaulting Owners and foreclose on those parcels in order to collect the amounts due.

The Declaration for Woodhaven Lakes (Amended), provides that the charges for service set forth in the tariffs and Rules and Regulations shall become a lien on each property as of the date the charges become due and payable. In addition, the tariffs for Woodhaven authorize CIWC to file a lien against the property of anyone who is delinquent in the payment of water or sewer bills. ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section No. 5, First Revised Sheet No. 5 (water); ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 4, Original Sheet No. 4 (sewer).

The tariffs for Candlewick also authorize CIWC to file a lien against property in the development that is owned by any party who is delinquent in the payment of water or sewer bills. ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section No. 6, Original sheet No. 5 (water); ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 5, Original Sheet No. 4 (sewer). The Declaration for Candlewick refers to CIWC's right to collect availability charges for services and/or file a lien against property for non-payment as well.

Q:

A:

A:

Please describe the foreclosure process.

The Company must go through numerous steps as provided under the Illinois Mortgage Foreclosure Act ("IMFA"), 735 ILCS 5/15-1101 *et. seq.*, in order to perfect its lien and foreclose on a property. Among other things, lien notices must be filed against each of

the lots owned by a Defaulting Owner against which foreclosure proceedings will be commenced. CIWC would have to obtain ownership and lien searches from a title company for each lot prior to initiating the foreclosure process. Notice of default must be sent to the owners of the properties. The Company must then go through the foreclosure litigation. This civil action includes the filing of complaints, affidavits of unknown owners, affidavit and notice as to non-record claimants, notice of publication, and notice of foreclosure before a final judgement is reached. CIWC must then petition for a judicial sale of the applicable lots, a procedure that is statutorily controlled.

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A:

Is an attorney necessary in implementing and enforcing a foreclosure?

Yes. The foreclosure process is a detailed and time-intensive procedure. As detailed above, implementing and enforcing a foreclosure can require, *inter alia*, the preparation and filing of complaints and other legal documents, procuring and preparing documentary evidence, and appearances before the court. To properly perform these activities, it is necessary for CIWC to retain the services of an attorney.

A:

Q: What is the expected amount of the Enforcement Costs?

As discussed previously, the Enforcement Costs associated with pursuing individual lawsuits on an intermittent basis has been prohibitive. CIWC's Foreclosure Program will standardize the process and enable the Company to prosecute multiple foreclosure actions simultaneously. The actual cost for each foreclosure will depend on such factors as the scope of the work involved, whether past due accounts are settled prior to foreclosure, and the length of any court proceeding. However, CIWC estimates (under the

standardized procedures) that the Enforcement Costs will be on average approximately \$500 to \$550 per lot. A breakdown of these costs is shown in Exhibit 1.4.

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Q: How will the extent of these costs affect the Foreclosure Program?

With no mechanism currently in place providing CIWC with an opportunity to recover its necessary Enforcement Costs, foreclosures are, of necessity, limited. Given the cost to pursue a Defaulting Owner, without the ability to recover Enforcement Costs, an account must be in arrears for several hundred dollars before it is feasible to pursue a foreclosure action. At lower delinquency amounts, Enforcement Costs could be greater than the amount due for water and sewer service. Thus, many may continue to default on their accounts without facing any real consequences.

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A:

What is CIWC proposing as a means of potentially recovering these costs?

The IMFA allows a plaintiff to include a request for recovery of attorneys' fees and other costs incurred in connection with the preparation, filing, or prosecution of foreclosure suits in a foreclosure complaint when the right to seek such recovery is specifically set forth in a written agreement between the parties. 735 ILCS 5/15-1510. The Rules and Regulations set forth the terms and conditions under which CIWC will provide service and, in this respect, constitute the agreement between CIWC and customers.

Accordingly, addition to the Rules and Regulations of the language contained in the Tariff Sheets is necessary if CIWC is to have the opportunity to seek recovery of its Enforcement Costs before the court when the Company forecloses on the properties of

Defaulting Owners. Actual recovery of those costs would rest with the discretion of the court, which would consider the equities of each foreclosure case.

Specifically, CIWC proposes to change portions of the Rules and Regulations for water and sewer service and the rate schedules applicable to Woodhaven and Candlewick to provide CIWC with the opportunity to recover from Defaulting Owners the Enforcement Costs incurred or expended in sustaining and enforcing a lien against property to recover delinquent water and/or sewer bills, in protecting the Company's rights in the lien, and in recovering any of the amounts secured by the lien. This amount will be secured by and become a part of the lien on the property and will be prior to any subsequent claim. The Company proposes to limit its recovery of Enforcement Costs to a maximum of \$1,200.00, in addition to the balance of the delinquent water or sewer bill or any other past due amounts for water or sewer service.

Q:

A:

Why not propose to recover Enforcement Costs in rates?

It is a matter of fairness. Under CIWC's proposal, the Enforcement Costs are paid by those who are delinquent in their bill payment and are thus responsible for the increased costs incurred by the Company. Including Enforcement Costs for recovery in rates would spread the costs to all customers and force those who pay their bills to subsidize those who do not. CIWC's proposal seeks to place the costs on the responsible parties while benefiting those customers who do pay their bills through the improved financial strength of the Company.

Q: What benefit will recovery of Enforcement Costs have?

The ability to collect these Enforcement Costs will benefit the public through the positive rate effect and the improved company financial position that will result from the efficient collection of delinquent accounts. The Company will benefit because the Foreclosure Program will be more efficient and effective. CIWC will be able to pursue the accounts with lower overdue balances (although CIWC will not pursue a foreclosure action until bills for a given property are at least one year in arrears). In 2001, accounts with unpaid balances below \$600 comprised over 29% of the total Accounts Receivable in Woodhaven, and over 28% of the total Accounts Receivable in Candlewick. Additionally, CIWC will be able to recover more of the delinquent amounts from all of the accounts because portions of the proceeds from the foreclosure sale will not have to be expended on Enforcement Costs.

Nor will the collection of Enforcement Costs impose an unfair burden on the non-paying lot owners. It is these customers who, by their non-payment, cause the costs to be incurred. Moreover, it is the court that ultimately decides whether the Defaulting Owner has a valid defense, and whether litigation fees and costs should be awarded.

A:

A:

Housekeeping Modification

Q: Are any other changes being made to the existing tariff sheets?

Yes. In the Rules and Regulations for both water and sewer service, there is a provision for charging a water or sewer disconnection/reconnection fee and a provision for charging a late payment fee for delinquent water or sewer service bills. The language of these provision is duplicated in the Miscellaneous Charges section of the sewer rate schedules for Candlewick and Woodhaven and in the water rate schedule for Candlewick.

273 In Woodhaven's water rate schedule, however, while mention is made of the 274 Rules and Regulations, which contain the provisions that impose these charges, that 275 language is not duplicated in the Miscellaneous Charges section of Woodhaven's water 276 rate schedule. Therefore, in order to make the language of the Woodhaven rate schedule 277 for water consistent with the other rate schedules, the terms of the late payment and 278 disconnection/reconnection fees are also being added to the Woodhaven rate schedule for 279 water service, ILL, C.C. No. 47, Section No. 5, First Revised Sheet No. 5. This added 280 language is found on ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section No. 5, Second Revised Sheet No. 5, 281 which is included with the Tariff Sheets in Exhibit 1.1.

Moreover, because of the language that is being added, some of the original tariff sheet language will run onto other sheets, thereby requiring the filing of new tariff pages. These pages are identified as: ILL. C. C. No. 47, Section No. 1, First Revised Sheet No. 28, canceling ILL. C.C. No. 47, Section No. 1, Original Sheet No. 28 and ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 1, First Revised Sheet Nos. 13-14, canceling ILL. C.C. No. 48, Section No. 1, Original Sheet Nos. 13-14. These pages are attached as Exhibit 1.5.

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Does this conclude your testimony?

290 A: Yes.

Q: